

VERSION: 11.0 AUGUST 2026

DATA PROCESSING ADDENDUM

between

Customer as defined in the applicable Order (hereinafter “**Controller**”)

and

BRYTER GmbH, Biebergasse 2, 60313 Frankfurt am Main, Germany (hereinafter „**Processor**“)

(together also referred to as the “**Parties**” and each also referred to as a “**Party**”)

IMPORTANT NOTICE: This data processing addendum (“**DPA**”) contains, in Section 6, supplementary provisions to ensure compliance with professional secrecy and confidentiality obligations, in particular pursuant to Sections 43a and 43e of the German Federal Lawyers’ Act (Bundesrechtsanwaltsordnung, BRAO), Sections 18 and 26a of the German Federal Notary Code (Bundesnotarordnung, BNotO) and Section 203 of the German Criminal Code (Strafgesetzbuch, StGB), to the extent that the Controller is subject to such obligations. Where, in the context of this DPA, personal data are processed that at the same time constitute professionally protected confidential information within the meaning of the aforementioned provisions, the provisions of this DPA relating to the protection of personal data shall apply on a supplementary basis, insofar as and to the extent that they are compatible with the applicable professional secrecy and confidentiality obligations. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency, Section 6 of this Data Processing Addendum shall prevail.

1. General provisions

- 1.1 Unless otherwise implied (e.g. by context of a reference, or explicitly stated), “**GDPR**” refers to both the EU General Data Protection Regulation as well as the UK General Data Protection Regulation. The capitalized terms used in this data processing addendum (“**DPA**”) shall have the meaning as set forth in the definitions set out in the Definitions (Appendix 1) and in the Master Service Agreement.
- 1.2 Controller is the controller according to Article 4 no. 7 GDPR. Processor is the processor in accordance with Article 4 no. 8 of the GDPR.
- 1.3 Processor processes Personal Data on behalf of Controller for the delivery of the BRYTER Software and/or Professional Services within the meaning of the Master Service Agreement, the Definitions (Appendix 1) and the applicable Order and/or SOW (jointly referred to as “**MSA**”) according to Art. 4 no. 2 and Art. 28 GDPR solely based on this DPA.
- 1.4 The subject-matter of the Processing is set out in the MSA.
- 1.5 The duration of the Processing shall be in accordance with Controller’s instructions and the terms of the MSA including the DPA.

2. Nature and purpose of the Processing, type of Personal Data and categories of data subjects

2.1 The scope and duration and the detailed stipulations on the type and purpose of Processing shall be governed by the MSA including the DPA. Specifically, Processing shall include the following Personal Data:

Type of Personal Data	Categories of data subjects affected	Purpose of Processing	Duration of Processing
Contact/account data (e.g. first name, last name, business email, user ID, role, tenant ID)	- Authorized Users - End User, if a login is required	- Functionality and security - Access control	Until termination of MSA
Authentication and access credentials (e.g. password hash, login credentials)	- Authorized Users - End User, if a login is required	- Functionality and security - Access control	Until termination of MSA
Network/device identifiers and security data (e.g. IP address, sessions IDs, timestamps, device/browser identifiers, performance metrics, log files and audit trails)	- Authorized Users - End User, if a login is required	- Functionality and security - Service monitoring - Error analysis - Audit logging and compliance	For security/audit logs up to 90 days where applicable, otherwise until termination of MSA

Type of Personal Data	Categories of data subjects affected	Purpose of Processing	Duration of Processing
Customer-provided content and derived content (e.g. uploaded documents, free text, case records, forms/workflows, extracted fields/structured content, AI output to the extent containing personal data)	- Authorized Users - End User - Data subjects identifiable with Customer Content (e.g. Customer's employees who are not End Users, business partners of Customers, Customer's clients)	- Provision of the Software and AI Services on Controller's documented instructions - Storage, display, transformation and transmission as required by the Software's functionality - Quality assurance, error analysis and monitoring of AI-powered processing (LLM observability), to the extent necessary to ensure the functionality, stability and security of the Software - Automated screening of inputs and outputs by the provider of the selected language model for violations of its usage terms, and case-by-case review of flagged content by that provider	Until termination of MSA and deletion in accordance with Section 10 DPA

2.2 Additionally, Processor's Software may be used by Controller to process any Personal Data determined by the Controller or voluntarily provided by the End User and/or Authorized User. Processor has no influence on the scope of such additional Personal Data being processed. The type of Personal Data that will be processed with Processor's Software in addition to the data set out in 2.1 above is the sole responsibility of the Controller with regard to determining its lawfulness and purpose under the GDPR. This shall not limit the Processor's obligations to implement appropriate technical and organizational measures and to process all Personal Data solely on documented instructions of the Controller in accordance with the GDPR.

3. Controller's rights and obligations

3.1 It is within the sole responsibility of Controller to assess the lawfulness of the Processing. This includes ensuring that any Processing of special categories of personal data pursuant to Article 9 GDPR is lawful and based on an applicable derogation under Article 9(2), and that appropriate safeguards are implemented. If not set out differently in the MSA this includes the handling of data subjects' rights requests. Processor shall forward immediately to Controller any such request discernibly addressed to Controller.

- 3.2 Controller agrees that the MSA including the DPA, along with Controller's use of the Software, are Controller's complete documented instructions to Processor for the processing of Personal Data. Controller may issue additional instructions if required by data protection regulations.
- 3.3 Any instructions given by Controller shall be in writing or in a documented electronic form. Oral instructions shall be confirmed immediately in writing or in a documented electronic form. Changes of the subject-matter of the Processing or of procedures shall be coordinated between Controller and Processor and established in writing or in a documented electronic form.
- 3.4 Processor ensures that Controller, or a qualified third party instructed by Controller and who is obliged to maintain confidentiality, can verify the compliance with the Processor's obligations laid down in the applicable data protection laws and regulations and this DPA and the implementation and adequacy of the technical and organizational measures by Processor before and during the Processing by making available all necessary information and contribute to audits (including onsite inspections).
- 3.5 Audits and inspections shall, as far as possible, not hinder Processor in its normal business operations and shall not place an undue burden on Processor. In particular, inspections at Processor's premises shall not take place more than once per calendar year and only during the Processor's normal business hours without a valid reason. The Parties shall agree on inspection dates at Processor's premises. Appointments shall be made promptly upon Controller's request and during usual business and operating hours, taking into account Processor's business interests. Processor shall be entitled to reject auditors that are competitors of BRYTER, are not sufficiently qualified to conduct such an audit, or are not independent. Controller acknowledges that most of the processing is done via cloud computing on the premises of Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure (see Schedule 1). Hence, any inspection directly of or at the premises of Processor is of limited use. Upon request by Controller, Processor will initiate inspections of Amazon AWS, Microsoft Azure or other Sub-processors in accordance with the respective DPAs concluded with those Sub-processors and as required by the applicable data protection laws and regulations.
- 3.6 Controller shall immediately inform Processor if errors or irregularities are detected throughout the examination.
- 3.7 Controller shall pay for any of Processor's costs reasonably incurred by an onsite inspection according to section 3.4 or 3.5.
- 3.8 Controller shall notify Processor in sufficient detail and without undue delay of any defect or irregularity detected by Controller in Processor's provision of the Software concerning data protection.

4. Processor's obligations

- 4.1 Processor processes Personal Data solely within the scope the MSA and this DPA and on documented instructions of Controller, unless otherwise required to do so by law which Processor is subject to. In such a case, Processor shall inform Controller of that legal requirement before Processing, unless that law prohibits such information on important grounds of public interest.

- 4.2 Taking into account the nature of the Processing, Processor shall assist Controller by appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as this is possible, when it comes to fulfilling the rights of data subjects according to Art. 12 to 22 GDPR by Controller.
- 4.3 Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to Processor, Processor shall assist Controller in its obligations under Art. 32 GDPR as well as its obligation to carry out a data protection impact assessment and prior consultation, where necessary (Art. 35, 36 GDPR). Processor shall immediately forward the required information to Controller.
- 4.4 Processor shall ensure that each person authorized to process Controller's Personal Data is bound to adequate contractual or statutory confidentiality obligations, informs them of all relevant data protection obligations according to this DPA and takes steps to ensure that they process them only on Controller's instructions, except where they are required to process it under the law of the European Union or a member state or the UK.
- 4.5 Where Controller uses functionalities based on large language models as part of the BRYTER Software, Processor shall not be responsible for the accuracy, reliability, or legal validity of any output generated. Such output ("AI Output") is generated automatically based on Controller's Input, and the Controller remains solely responsible for reviewing, validating, and using such Output in compliance with applicable laws. Processor does not process AI Output on behalf of Controller unless it contains Personal Data within the meaning of the GDPR.
- 4.6 Selection of the language model
- 4.6.1 Language models from several providers are available for the AI Service provided via BEAMON AI. Providers and places of processing are set out in Schedule 1.
- 4.6.2 The language model is selected at two levels: (a) An Admin of Controller determines which of the available language models are enabled for the respective Tenant and may disable individual language models for that Tenant at any time. Disabled language models are not available for selection by the BEAMON Authors of that Tenant; (b) Within the language models enabled by the Admin, the BEAMON Author selects the language model to be used for each individual Input. Both selections constitute Instructions within the meaning of Section 3.2.
- 4.6.3 In the delivery state, only the language model identified as the default model in Schedule 1 is enabled for each Tenant, whose processing takes place within the European Union. Further language models are used only after enablement by an Admin; until then, no Customer Data is transferred to the relevant model provider.
- 4.6.4 The assessment of whether the use of a particular language model is compatible with the professional obligations applicable to Controller rests with Controller. This applies to enablement under Section 4.6.2(a) and to each use under (b); by enabling a language model, Controller makes it available to all BEAMON Authors of that Tenant. Sections 3.1 and 6.2 apply accordingly. BRYTER provides the information required for that purpose prior to activation.
- 5. Processor's notification obligations**

- 5.1 Processor shall immediately inform Controller if, in its opinion, an instruction infringes the GDPR or other European Union, member state or UK data protection regulations. Processor is entitled to suspend the execution of such an instruction until Controller confirms it in writing. If Controller insists on the execution of an instruction in spite of the reservations expressed by Processor, Controller shall indemnify Processor against all damages and costs incurred by Processor in executing Controller's instruction. Processor will inform Controller about damages and costs claimed against him and will not acknowledge claims of third parties without the consent of Controller and will conduct the defense at the discretion of Processor in due collaboration with Controller or leave it to Controller.
- 5.2 Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to Processor, Processor shall assist Controller regarding Controller's obligations according to Art. 33 and 34 GDPR.
- 5.3 Controller shall pay for any non-insignificant costs incurred by making use of Processor's obligation to support Controller according to section 5.2 as far as the obligation does not arise due to a violation of data protection law by Processor.
- 6. Processor's obligation to maintain professional secrecy**
- 6.1 This section applies if Controller is subject to professional confidentiality obligations, in particular as an attorney-at-law (Rechtsanwalt) or member of a legal or tax advisory profession in accordance with Sections 43a, 43e BRAO, as a notary subject to comprehensive official confidentiality obligations pursuant to Section 18 BNotO and Section 203 of the German Criminal Code (Strafgesetzbuch, StGB). This section shall apply accordingly insofar as Controller is subject to equivalent professional or official confidentiality obligations under the laws of another jurisdiction, in particular pursuant to Article 321 of the Swiss Criminal Code (Schweizerisches Strafgesetzbuch, "**StGB-CH**") and Article 13 of the Swiss Federal Act on the Free Movement of Lawyers (Anwaltsgesetz, BGFA) (Switzerland), or pursuant to Section 121 of the Austrian Criminal Code (österreichisches Strafgesetzbuch, "öStGB"), Section 9 of the Austrian Lawyers' Code (Rechtsanwaltsordnung, RAO) and Section 37 of the Austrian Notarial Code (Notariatsordnung, NO) (Austria).
- 6.2 Under the MSA and this DPA, Processor may process Professional Secrets. Controller shall be responsible to assess whether any data provided to Processor is deemed a Professional Secret and to notify Processor accordingly. However, Processor shall treat all data as potentially subject to professional secrecy obligations unless clearly determined otherwise.
- 6.3 Processor undertakes to only access or otherwise become capable of obtaining knowledge of Professional Secrets to the extent strictly necessary for the performance of the obligations set out in the MSA including this DPA. For the purposes of this clause, 'obtaining knowledge' shall also include any technical or organizational access to Professional Secrets, regardless of whether actual human review occurs. Where a model provider operates automated safety systems and flagged content may be subject to case-by-case review by the model provider, sentence 1 applies with the proviso that such screening is necessary for the proper and lawful provision of the services. The obligations under Sections 6.4 and 6.5 remain unaffected and extend to the persons involved in such review.
- 6.4 Processor undertakes to maintain confidentiality about Professional Secrets, to keep Professional Secrets strictly confidential and to take adequate measures to protect Professional Secrets from unauthorized access by third parties.

- 6.5 Processor may disclose Professional Secrets to Sub-processors to the extent necessary for the performance of the obligations set out in the MSA including the DPA, provided that (i) each Sub-processor has been contractually prohibited in writing (digitally sufficient) from disclosing Professional Secrets to unauthorized third parties and (ii) Sub-processor must obligate their Sub-processors accordingly.
- 6.6 Processor shall ensure that all employees and other persons working for Processor who are involved in the processing of Professional Secrets, have undertaken in writing (digitally sufficient) not to disclose any Professional Secrets of which they have become aware in the course of or on the occasion of their work to unauthorized third parties. Processor shall further ensure that such persons are informed of the obligations arising from this DPA as well as from the applicable professional and criminal law provisions, in particular Section 203 StGB and the corresponding provisions of the law to which Controller is subject, namely Articles 320 and 321 StGB-CH (Switzerland) and Section 121 öStGB (Austria).
- 6.7 Processor acknowledges that in cases where Controller is subject to Section 203 StGB, any unauthorized disclosure of Professional Secrets may constitute a criminal offense under Sections 203 and 204 StGB. The foregoing shall apply accordingly to the corresponding provisions of the law to which Controller is subject, namely Articles 320 and 321 StGB-CH (Switzerland) and Section 121 öStGB (Austria). Processor shall inform its employees, agents and Sub-processors involved in the processing of Professional Secrets about the criminal liability resulting from unauthorized access to or disclosure of such information under the applicable professional and criminal law provisions, in particular Section 203 StGB as well as Articles 320 and 321 StGB-CH (Switzerland) and Section 121 öStGB (Austria).
- 6.8 Where the Controller qualifies as a holder of professional secrecy rights within the meaning of Section 53a of the German Code of Criminal Procedure (Strafprozessordnung, StPO), any Professional Secrets processed under this DPA may be subject to the right to refuse testimony pursuant to Section 53a StPO and to protection against seizure, in particular under Section 97(2) StPO. In the event of any governmental interview, inquiry, or measure aimed at the disclosure or surrender of such information, Processor shall, to the extent legally permissible, object to such request and shall notify Controller without undue delay so that Controller can determine how to proceed.
- 7. Sub-processors**
- 7.1 By signing this DPA, Controller authorizes Processor's use of Sub-processors listed in Schedule 1. Depending on the services outlined in the Agreement, Processor will use different Sub-processors.
- 7.2 Controller hereby generally authorizes Processor's use of Sub-processors. Processor shall, prior to the use of any additional Sub-processor or the replacement of an existing Sub-processor, inform Controller of the intended change by written notice via e-mail during the term of the MSA. Such notice shall be sent to the e-mail address designated by Controller for DPA-related notifications.
- 7.3 Controller shall be entitled to object to any change notified by Processor within 15 business days for materially important reasons solely. Where Controller does not object to such change within such period of time, Controller shall be deemed to have authorized such change. Where a materially important reason for Controller's objection exists, and failing an amicable resolution of this matter by the Parties, Processor shall be entitled to, at its choice,

provide the services under the MSA without the use of the respective Sub-processor or to terminate the MSA at the time of the planned use of the respective Sub-processor.

- 7.4 Processor shall contractually ensure that Processor's obligations agreed on in this DPA also apply to all approved Sub-processors.
- 7.5 Processor shall remain liable to Controller for its Sub-processors' obligations.
- 7.6 Controller agrees with execution of this DPA to the use of Amazon Web Services (AWS) EMEA SARL ("**AWS**") and Microsoft Azure as a Sub-processor. In the relationship between Processor and AWS the AWS GDPR Data Processing Addendum applies. In the relationship between Processor and Microsoft Azure the Microsoft Products and Services Data Protection Addendum applies. Both the AWS GDPR Data Processing Addendum and the Microsoft Products and Services Data Protection Addendum will be submitted to Controller by Processor upon Controller's explicit request.
- 7.7 Controller acknowledges that the use of AWS (or a substitute Sub-processor) and Microsoft Azure (or a substitute Sub-processor) is crucial to the performance of the service carried out by Processor. In case that Controller withdraws its agreement regarding the use of AWS (or a substitute Sub-processor) and/or Microsoft Azure (or a substitute Sub-processor) as Sub-processors, the Processor shall be entitled to terminate extraordinarily the MSA and this DPA as well as any other potential agreement between the Parties immediately. In case of such termination, Processor is entitled to demand the full fees payable by the Controller under the MSA or any other agreement that is terminated for the full term agreed upon between the Parties.

8. Transfer of Personal Data to third countries

Personal Data shall be generally processed in member states of the European Union, in another state that is a party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area ("**EEA**") or the UK. Subject to compliance with the provisions of this DPA, Processor is also permitted to process Personal Data outside the EEA and UK or to have it processed by Sub-processors in accordance with Section 7 of this DPA, if the conditions of Articles 44 to 48 GDPR are fulfilled or an exception in accordance with Art. 49 GDPR exists.

Where a language model whose model provider processes outside the European Economic Area is enabled for a Tenant under Section 4.6, the transfer is subject to appropriate safeguards within the meaning of Article 46 GDPR; the Standard Contractual Clauses of the European Commission provided by the respective model provider apply. The place of processing is set out in Schedule 1.

9. Technical and organizational measures according to Art. 32 GDPR

- 9.1 Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and – as far as known to Processor – the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of data subjects, Processor shall implement appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security for the Personal Data appropriate to the risk.
- 9.2 Prior to the beginning of the Processing, Processor shall implement the technical and organizational measures according to Art. 32 GDPR listed in Schedule 2 and maintain them for the duration of the MSA.

- 9.3 Since the technical and organizational measures are subject to technical progress, Processor is entitled and obligated to implement alternative, adequate measures in order not to fall below the security level of the measures specified in Schedule 2. If Processor makes significant changes to the measures specified in Schedule 2, he will inform Controller of such changes in advance.
- 9.4 Controller is responsible to verify the technical and organizational measures taken by Processor, in particular whether these are also sufficient with regard to circumstances of Processing.
- 10. Obligations of Processor after termination of the MSA.**
- 10.1 After termination of the MSA, Processor shall, at Controller's choice, delete in accordance with data protections regulations, or return and delete existing copies of, all Personal Data, documents and Processing or usage results in connection with the Processing being in its possession, unless the laws of the European Union, of a member state or of the UK require storage of the Personal Data.
- 10.2 However, Processor shall be entitled to keep backup copies of such Personal Data or information for a period of 30 days, provided that the deletion of Controller's data from such backup copies is not technically feasible with regard to Art. 32 GDPR. Notwithstanding Section 10.1, the rights and obligations of the Parties under this DPA with regard to the backup copies shall continue to apply for this period.
- 11. Liability**
- Any provisions on the Parties' liability set out in the MSA shall also apply on the Processing under this DPA, unless expressly agreed upon otherwise.
- 12. Final provisions**
- 12.1 Where the Personal Data become subject to search and seizure, an attachment order, confiscation during bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, or similar events or measures by third parties while in Processor's control, Processor shall notify Controller of such action without undue delay. Processor shall, without undue delay, notify to all pertinent parties in such action, that any data affected thereby is in Controller's sole property and area of responsibility, that data is at Controller's sole disposition, and that Controller is the responsible body in the sense of the GDPR.
- 12.2 Section 16 (General Provisions) of the MSA shall apply accordingly to this DPA.
- 12.3 If this DPA contradicts other agreements concluded between the Parties, the provisions of this DPA shall take precedence. Where individual regulations of this DPA are invalid or unenforceable, the validity and enforceability of the other regulations of this DPA shall not be affected.

Schedule 1

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List of Sub-processors

Sub-processor	Service Provided	Corporate Location	Server Location
Amazon Web Services (AWS) EMEA SARL	Cloud Server	8 Avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg	Frankfurt am Main (Germany)
Anthropic Ireland, Limited	Optional LLM used within BEAMON; engaged only upon enablement by an Admin of Controller	6th Floor, South Bank House, Barrow Street, Dublin 4, Ireland	USA
DataDog Inc.	Monitoring Tool	620 8 th Avenue, 45 th Floor, New York, NY 10019-1741, USA	Frankfurt am Main (Germany)
DeepL SE	Translation tool (add-on)	Maarweg 165, 50825 Köln, Germany	Germany and Sweden
Microsoft Azure (Microsoft Ireland Operations Ltd)	Cloud Server and host of default LLM used within BEAMON	One Microsoft Place, South County Business Park, Leopardstown, Dublin 18, Ireland	European Union
UAB ConvertAPI	File Converting Processor	Lauksargio g. 111, LT-10105 Vilnius, Lithuania	Frankfurt am Main (Germany)
Verlag Dr. Otto Schmidt KG	API interface to publishing data from Otto Schmidt (optional, fee-based add-on)	Gustav-Heinemann-Ufer 58, 50968 Köln, Germany	Germany

Schedule 2

Technical und organizational measures

Usage of AWS and Microsoft Azure

For data security measures concerning the servers where the BRYTER Software is located please refer to technical and organizational measures of AWS and / or Microsoft Azure.

Amazon Web Services EMEA Sarl, 8 Avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg

Microsoft Azure (Microsoft Ireland Operations Ltd), One Microsoft Place, South County Business Park, Leopardstown, Dublin 18, Ireland

The production environment of the Software is hosted in data centers located in the European Union, operated by the sub-processors Amazon Web Services (AWS) and/or Microsoft Azure. Personal data stored within the Software resides in these EU data centers. Any processing of personal data by additional sub-processors (e.g., for specific add-on functionalities) takes place as set out in Annex 2 of the DPA.

BRYTER has executed a Data Processing Addendum with AWS, namely "AWS GDPR DATA PROCESSING ADDENDUM". BRYTER has executed a Data Processing Addendum with Microsoft Azure, namely "Microsoft Products and Services Data Protection Addendum". Both agreements are integral parts of these technical and organizational measures. AWS is ISO 27001, 27017 and 27018 certified. Microsoft Azure is ISO 27001, ISO 27002, and ISO 27018 certified.

ISO 27018 is a code of conduct for the protection of personal data in the cloud. It is based on the ISO 27002 information security standard (the "Standard") and serves as a guideline for the implementation of ISO 27002-controls that apply to personal data that uniquely identifies a person in the public cloud. The Standard provides additional controls and guidelines for the protection requirements of personal data that is not taken into account by the current controls of ISO 27002. By complying with this Standard, both AWS and Microsoft Azure have a system of control mechanisms that are specifically concerned with the protection of private data. By complying with this internationally recognized guide and independently reviewing it, both AWS and Microsoft Azure demonstrate their commitment to customer content privacy. Further information on our sub-processors and their certifications can be found here: <https://aws.amazon.com/compliance/gdpr-center/> and <https://www.microsoft.com/licensing/docs/view/Microsoft-Products-and-Services-Data-Protection-Addendum-DPA>

1. Physical access control

Processor is not using on-premises servers but cloud computing, currently AWS and Microsoft Azure, to provide and execute the Software and to process data entered into the Software. Thereto the following is stated to ensure physical access control:

- For data security measures concerning the physical location of the servers where the BRYTER Software is located please refer to the AWS and/or Microsoft Azure technical and organizational measures as stated above.

- Electronic data storages are safely deleted after their usage.
- The entrance of the office building by the public is prevented through doors that have opening systems through a key or an equivalent device with such areas being kept closed when access to the documents included in the filing is not required.

2. User access control to data processing systems

To prevent unauthorized parties from using data processing systems.

- Workstation computers are secured as follows:
 - User login only through centrally controlled identity management system.
 - Workstation computers are automatically locked after a certain idle time.
 - Personal access code required to unlock computers.
- Password policy:
 - For administrative access (minimum requirements for password length and complexity, two-factor authentication).
 - For employee access (minimum requirements for password length and complexity, two-factor authentication).
 - For customer access (minimum requirements for password length and complexity).

3. Access control to personal data in data processing systems.

To ensure that those authorized to use a data processing system can only access the data for which they are authorized and that data, especially personal data, is not subject to unauthorized viewing, copying, modification, or deletion when it is processed or used or after it is stored.

- Central rights management, separated for system access and application access.
- Controls to prevent users from changing their own rights.
- Controls to prevent users from requesting a change without the approval of the person in charge in accordance with the established approval process.
- External access restricted to VPN- or SSH-secured connections.
- Data encrypted for storage.

4. Separation control

To ensure that data collected for different purposes can be processed separately.

- Separation of:
 - Employee data.
 - Customer contact data.
 - Customer test data (project work, customer developments).
 - Customer data in the BRYTER data center.

- System level:
Customer data in data center is administered in strict separation and in separate systems (databases, etc.) from BRYTER data (including the CRM system).
- Different applications:
Customer data and employee data is processed using separate applications.

5. Measures for pseudonymization and encryption

To ensure that traceability of data to individuals is at least restricted.

- Privacy-by-design and privacy-by-default measures, including the appropriate training for product teams and based on the principles of avoiding and limiting data.
- All download/upload internet connections secured through either SSL/TLS, SSH.
- Input control.

To ensure that it is possible to subsequently check and determine whether and by whom data, especially personal data, was entered into data processing systems, modified, or deleted.

- Comprehensive logging by all systems that process personal data, making it possible to subsequently determine whether and by whom personal data was entered, modified, or removed.
- Personalized user accounts extending to the specialized applications.
- Separate system logs and application logs, ruling out manipulation of the application logs at the system level.

6. Order control

To ensure that personal data from orders can only be processed according to the client's instructions.

- Regulation of instructions in principal service and data processing agreement.
- Administration of users and rights by client at application level.
- Transfer/entry of data by client, who decides which data is transferred and when.
- Access to this data limited to roles with corresponding access rights.
- Automated processing of data by certified software ensuring that data is processed in accordance with contracted procedure.
- Use of standardized contracts as stipulated by law for relations with customers and service providers.
- Inclusion of sub-processor with corresponding confidentiality, data processing, system access agreements.

7. Transmission control

To ensure that data, especially personal data, cannot be viewed, copied, modified, or deleted without authorization while it is transmitted electronically, transported, or saved to storage

media and that it is possible to check and determine the intended destinations of data, especially personal data, transferred using data transmission equipment.

- All download/upload internet connections secured through either SSL/TLS, SSH.
- No local storage of personal data; all data stored centrally in the systems of BRYTER.
- External connections possible only through approved applications.
- External connections possible only through approved services.
- All remote data transfer connections logged wherever technically possible.
- Regulations for the disposal of waste with confidential content.

8. Availability

To ensure that data, especially personal data, is protected against random destruction or loss.

- Data encrypted for storage.
- All access authorizations and access rights of a person leaving the company are promptly blocked and if necessary deleted.
- All company-owned items relating to personal data are reclaimed from an individual leaving the company.
- Written data carriers are stored before and after dispatch in such a way that access is only possible for authorized persons.
- Regular testing of data security / backup systems, etc.

9. Resilience

To ensure that data processing systems are sufficiently resilient and robust.

- Inventory of processing activities with integrated assessment of consequences for data protection and assessment of the appropriateness of technical and organizational measures.
- Integration of privacy by design in product management:
Advanced controls can be triggered by procedural manager together with the data protection officer for assessment of consequences for data protection (administration of processes including checks, coordination, analysis, and evaluation).
- Use of next-generation firewall.
- Monitoring to ensure early detection and at least limit or even prevent damage due to malware.
- For server related resilience measures please refer to the to the AWS and/or Microsoft Azure technical and organizational measures.
- Incident Response Management.

10. Security Management

To ensure security during processing

- Internal and external ISO 27001 audits.

- Regular checks of technical and organizational measures with responsible roles, including whether they reflect the state of the art.
- Management evaluations as a regular routine.

11. Measures to prevent concatenation

To ensure that data is used only for the purpose for which it was collected (purpose limitation principle)

- Use of role concept to limit processing, use, and transmission rights.
- Programmed omission or closure of interfaces in procedures and procedure components.
- Rules prohibiting backdoors, quality assurance audits to check compliance in software development.
- Functional separations based on role concept.
- Separations through role concepts with phased access rights based on identity management and a secure authentication process.
- Regular awareness training.

12. Personal Data Protection Management

To ensure that obligations to provide information are met

- Data Protection Management System in place with reporting lines to senior management.
- Records of processing activities pursuant to Art. 30 GDPR (both as controller and as processor).
- Data privacy statement on BRYTER website.
- Detailed information outlined in data privacy portal of BRYTER.
- Documentation of contracts with internal employees, contracts with external service providers and third parties from whom data is collected or to whom data is transmitted.